

YEO VALLEY PRIMARY SCHOOL

CHILD PROTECTION AND SAFEGUARDING POLICY

September 2026

KEY PERSONNEL

Policy reviewed

September 2026

Next review date

September 2027

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* Out-of-hours contact details will be made available to staff.

** Any changes to key personnel, holiday or emergency contacts will be shared with the appropriate agencies and local safeguarding partnership.

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1. Safeguarding Statement

Yeo Valley Primary School recognises that safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is everyone's responsibility. We adopt a child-centered approach, ensuring that the best interests of the child are at the heart of all decision-making.

- We are committed to working in partnership with children, families and other agencies to provide help and support as soon as problems emerge and to protect children from harm, both within and outside the home, including online.
- We recognise the importance of a whole-family approach and actively involve parents, carers, and family networks wherever it is safe and appropriate to do so.
- We ensure that children's voices are heard and acted upon, and that all children are enabled to achieve the best possible outcomes.

Yeo Valley Primary School is committed to a strong, open and positive safeguarding culture. This means:

- staff feel confident to raise concerns
- concerns are acted on quickly
- leaders provide clear oversight
- safeguarding is embedded in all aspects of school life

1. Terminology

Safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children is defined as:

- providing help and support to meet the needs of children as soon as problems emerge
- protecting children from maltreatment, whether that is within or outside the home, including online
- preventing impairment of children's mental and physical health or development
- ensuring that children grow up in circumstances consistent with the provision of safe and effective care
- promoting the upbringing of children with their birth parents, or otherwise their family network through a kinship care arrangement, whenever possible and where this is in the best interests of the children
- taking action to enable all children to have the best outcomes

(Working Together to Safeguard Children 2026)



Child protection is part of safeguarding and refers to the activity undertaken to protect specific children who are suffering, or are likely to suffer, significant harm. This includes harm occurring inside or outside the home, including online.

Staff refers to all adults working for or on behalf of the school, including temporary staff, supply staff, volunteers and contractors.

Child refers to anyone under the age of 18 (or up to 25 for care leavers).

Parents refers to birth parents and other adults in a parenting role, such as step-parents, foster carers, adoptive parents and the local authority as corporate parent.

3. Safeguarding Legislation and Guidance

The following safeguarding legislation and guidance has been considered when drafting this policy:

- [Education Act 2002 Section 175 \(maintained schools only\)](#)
- [Education Act 2002 Section 157 \(Independent schools incl Academies and CTC's\)](#)
- [The Education \(Independent School Standards\) \(England\) Regulations 2003](#)
- [The Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006](#)
- [Teachers' Standards \(Guidance for school leaders, school staff and governing bodies\)](#)
- [Working Together to Safeguarding Children Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)
- [Information Sharing 2018](#)
- [What to do if you're worried a child is being abused](#)
- [Filtering and monitoring standards in schools and colleges \(DfE\)](#)

4. Policy Principles, Aims and Values

- All children have an equal right to protection, safeguarding and opportunities, regardless of their characteristics or circumstances.
- All adults, including staff, volunteers and Trustees, share responsibility for safeguarding and must act on any concerns that a child may be at risk of harm.
- The school will provide a safe, caring and supportive environment that promotes children's wellbeing and development.
- Appropriate support will be provided to children and staff involved in safeguarding concerns.

This policy aims to:

- ensure all staff understand their responsibility to safeguard children
- provide clear guidance on how to recognise and respond to concerns
- ensure children feel safe, valued, respected and listened to
- recognise that abuse can occur in families, communities and between children
- ensure concerns are identified, recorded and acted upon promptly
- promote effective communication within school and with external agencies
- support early identification and intervention to prevent escalation
- ensure safe recruitment practices are followed
- set clear expectations for professional conduct and safe working practice

Supporting and Protecting Children:

We recognise that children who are abused or experience harm may find it difficult to seek help and may show a range of behaviours or emotional responses.

The school plays a key role in providing stability, early support and protection. Positive, trusting relationships with staff are central to this.

Yeo Valley Primary School will:

- provide a safe and supportive environment
- encourage children to speak to trusted adults
- listen to children and take concerns seriously
- respond with empathy and understanding
- refer to appropriate support services where needed
- work with families and partner agencies
- share information appropriately to keep children safe • teach children how to stay safe, including online and in relationships
- support children's wellbeing, confidence and independence

Yeo Valley Primary School community will:

- create an environment where children feel safe to talk and be heard
- ensure all children know who they can go to for help
- gather and respond to the views of children, parents and staff
- embed safeguarding across the curriculum
- teach children about risk, safety, relationships and online awareness
- ensure clear guidance on the safe use of technology is understood

5. Roles, Responsibilities and Training

We will follow the statutory guidance as set out in the latest Keeping Children Safe in Education (and associated documents and guidance), adhering to the roles, responsibilities and expectations identified for:

- Governing bodies, proprietors, and management committees.
- The Head of School
- The designated safeguarding lead
- The deputy designated safeguarding lead/s
- Staff
- [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)

In summary these roles and responsibilities include

Trust Board / Proprietor

The Trust Board and proprietor hold strategic responsibility for safeguarding.

They will ensure that:

- safeguarding arrangements are effective, compliant and regularly reviewed
- there is a whole-school approach to safeguarding
- appropriate policies (e.g. safeguarding, behaviour, staff conduct) are in place
- a Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) is appointed with sufficient time and resources
- safer recruitment procedures are followed, including DBS checks and Single Central Record
- staff receive regular safeguarding training and updates
- pupils are taught about safeguarding, including online safety
- appropriate filtering and monitoring systems are in place
- allegations against staff are managed in line with statutory procedures (including LADO)

They will also provide challenge and oversight and ensure safeguarding is a priority across the school.

Head of School

The Head of School has operational responsibility for safeguarding.

They will ensure that:

- safeguarding policies and procedures are implemented effectively
- the DSL is supported with time, training and resources
- staff receive safeguarding training and understand their responsibilities
- there is a strong safeguarding culture across the school
- systems are in place for children to raise concerns and be heard
- appropriate action is taken where concerns or allegations arise
- staff wellbeing is supported

Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

The DSL will take lead responsibility for safeguarding and child protection

Key responsibilities include:

Managing referrals (the list below is not exhaustive)

- to Children's Social Care (Front Door)
- Police
- Channel (Prevent)
- Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS)

Working with others

- act as a point of contact for safeguarding agencies
- support staff with safeguarding concerns
- work with parents/carers appropriately
- contribute to multi-agency plans

Information management

- maintain secure, accurate child protection records
- ensure information is shared appropriately

Raising awareness

- ensure safeguarding policies are understood
- promote a strong safeguarding culture

Training and development

- maintain up-to-date knowledge
- ensure staff receive safeguarding updates

Supporting staff

- provide advice and guidance
- support staff dealing with safeguarding issues

Child-centred practice

- understand and reflect the views, wishes and experiences of children

The DSL will be available during school hours and deputies trained to the same standard.

All Staff

All staff will play a critical frontline role in safeguarding.

They will:

- read and understand KCSIE Part 1 and Annex A
- maintain an attitude of “it could happen here”
- be able to identify signs of abuse, neglect and exploitation
- act in the best interests of the child

Responding to concerns

Staff will:

- report concerns immediately to the DSL
- record concerns clearly and factually
- not investigate or delay action
- support children appropriately

Disclosures

Staff must:

- listen carefully
- reassure the child
- not promise confidentiality
- pass information on without delay

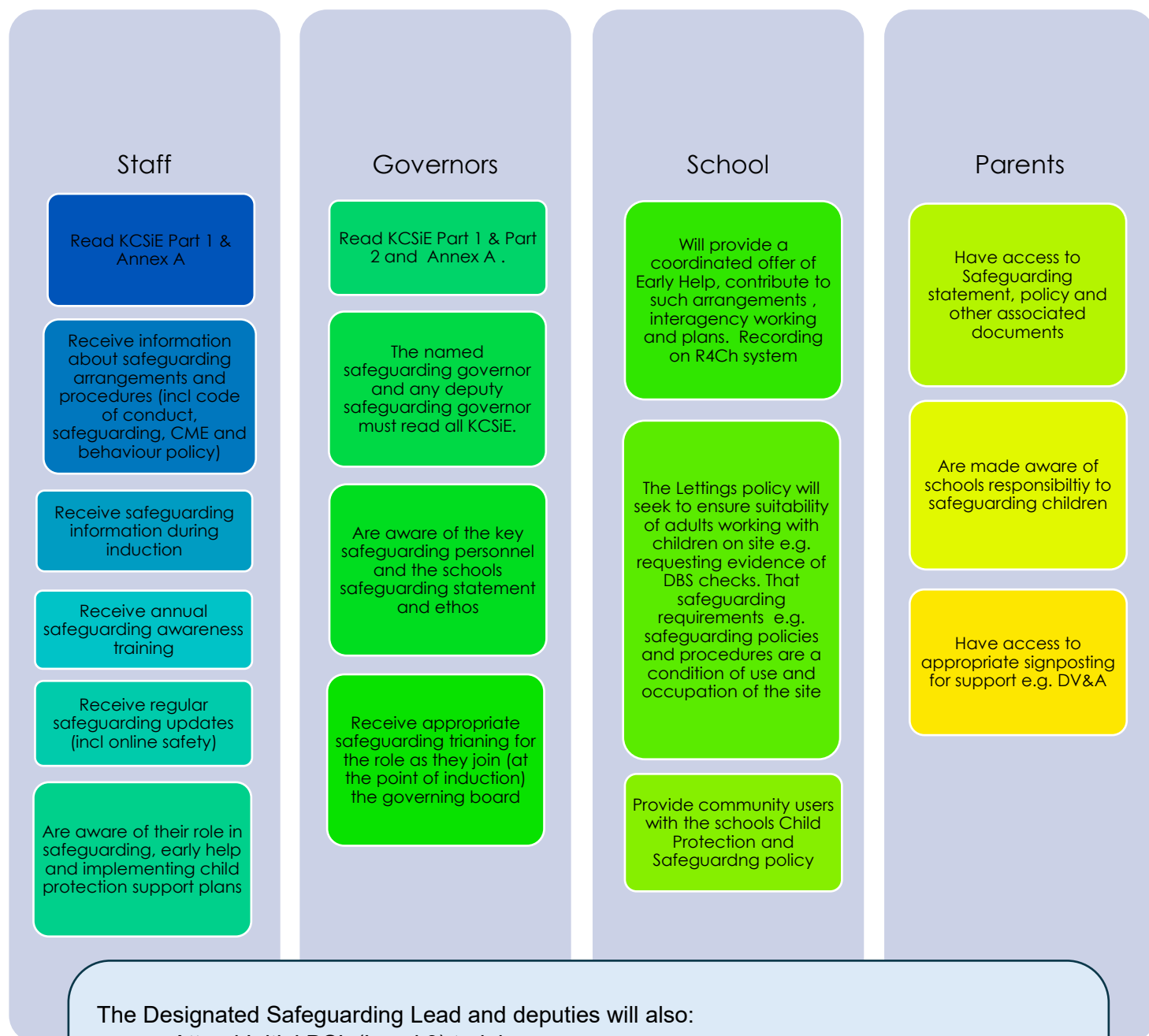
Multi-agency working

- contribute to plans where required
- share information appropriately

Safeguarding environment

- help maintain a safe and supportive learning environment
- model appropriate professional conduct

Yeo Valley Primary School will ensure that staff, Trustees, school and parents



6. Recognising and Responding to Safeguarding Concerns 'It could happen here'

Recognise:

All staff should recognise that any child, in any setting, can be a victim of abuse and maintain an attitude of "it could happen here." Safeguarding issues are often complex and overlapping, with multiple factors present rather than isolated concerns.

Abuse, neglect, and exploitation are forms of maltreatment that can occur through harm caused or failure to prevent harm. These may take place within the family, institutional, or community settings, and can involve adults or other children. Abuse can occur both offline and online, including through the use of technology to facilitate harm. Child-on-child abuse may also take place and such abuse is never acceptable, it will be taken seriously and not dismissed as 'banter'.

Safeguarding concerns may also arise outside the home (contextual safeguarding), including risks such as sexual and criminal exploitation, serious youth violence, and radicalisation. Staff should also understand that behaviours such as substance misuse, truancy, and sexting can increase vulnerability and may be linked to child-on-child abuse.

Further details on the categories of abuse (physical, emotional, sexual, and neglect), indicators of harm, and specific safeguarding concerns are provided in the relevant appendices and statutory guidance, including *Keeping Children Safe in Education*.

• Child missing or absent from education • Child missing from home or care • Child sexual exploitation (CSE), child criminal exploitation (CCE) • Bullying including cyberbullying • Domestic abuse • Drugs • Fabricated or induced illness • Faith abuse • Female genital mutilation (FGM) • Forced marriage • Gangs and youth violence	• Gender-based violence/violence against women and girls (VAWG) • Mental health difficulties • Private fostering • Radicalisation • Youth produced sexual imagery (sexting) • Teenage relationship abuse • Trafficking • Child on child abuse • Upskirting • Serious violence • Sexual harassment
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Staff may sometimes suspect a pupil is at risk without clear evidence, noticing changes in behaviour, unusual work, or signs of distress. While these indicators may be linked to everyday life events (such as family changes, bereavement, or illness), they could also signal abuse or safeguarding concerns. Staff will be professionally curious around such situations they will also explore barriers to attendance.

In such situations, staff will provide the pupil and/or their parents with an opportunity to talk and offer support, for example by asking if they are okay or how they can help.

Responding:

- Following an initial conversation with the pupil, if the member of staff remains concerned, they should discuss their concerns with the DSL and put them in writing, see FLOW CHART A. Records should include:
 - a clear and comprehensive summary of the concern.
 - details of how the concern was followed up and resolved.
 - a note of any action taken, decisions reached and the outcome.
- If the pupil does begin to reveal that they are being harmed, staff should follow the advice in FLOW CHART A and in the table below 'pupil making a disclosure'.
- All concerns however small must be recorded and shared with the DSL as this information could provide the 'missing' piece of the bigger picture of the lived experience for the child.

FLOW CHART A

1. Offer reassurance, listen and take seriously what is being said. Never promise to keep secrets or be persuaded by the child, young person or their family not to take action.



2. Recognise that it is not your job to investigate, verify what is being said or examine the individual disclosing; this is the statutory responsibility of the child protection services and/or the Police.
However, it is important to ascertain relevant information.



3. Explain the process to the individual; that you will need to pass this information on, to whom, the reasons why and possible actions.



4. Any concerns will be recorded, including the child's voice, body map (if necessary) and other relevant information in line with our schools recording procedure. Concerns may also be shared with the DSL/DDSL verbally, these conversations will also be recorded in writing

If a pupil discloses to a member of staff

- We recognise that disclosure takes courage; children may feel fear, shame, guilt or may not understand they are being abused.
- A child's first experience of sharing concerns must be positive, as they may need to repeat their account to other professionals.

During their conversation with the pupil staff will

- Listen carefully and allow the child to speak freely.
- Remain calm, not show shock, and take the disclosure seriously.
- Reassure the child it is not their fault and they have done the right thing.
- Use open questions, avoid leading questions or assumptions.
- Allow silence and avoid pressure, judgement, or criticism.
- Avoid unnecessary physical contact.
- Explain what will happen next and that information cannot be kept secret.

Notifying Parents

- Concerns will usually be discussed with parents by the DSL/DDSL.
- If informing parents may increase risk, advice will be sought from the Local Authority Safeguarding Hub first.
- Parents will not be informed in cases such as forced marriage or honour-based abuse where this could increase harm; police involvement may be necessary.

Making a referral

- All concerns or disclosures must be reported immediately to the DSL.
- The DSL will decide if a referral to the Local Authority Safeguarding Hub or other support is required.
- Any staff member can make a referral if necessary.
- Parents and the child will usually be informed unless this increases risk.
- If a child remains at risk or their situation does not improve, further action should be taken.
- Immediate danger requires urgent referral to the Safeguarding Hub and/or police.
- The DSL must be informed of all referrals.

Supporting our Staff

- We recognise safeguarding cases can be distressing for staff.
- Support is provided through the DSL and access to further guidance as needed.

7. Early Help and Families First

Devon adopts a graduated approach to help, including universal services, Family Help (targeted early help) and statutory intervention.

Staff will identify children and families who may benefit from early intervention and will work with the DSL to initiate appropriate support, including the use of early help assessments and multi-agency planning.

Early help aims to prevent escalation of need and improve outcomes for children by addressing concerns at the earliest possible stage.

School recognise that some children may have additional vulnerabilities due to e.g. specific need, previous childhood trauma and staff will always be professionally curious and approach such situations in a relational manner. Seeking to identify the child and families needs and strengths to improve safeguarding outcomes and lived experience.

Any child may benefit from early help, but all school and college staff should be particularly alert to the potential need for early help for a child who:

- Is disabled and has specific additional needs.
- Has special educational needs (whether or not they have a statutory education, health and care plan).
- Is a young carer.
- Is showing signs of being drawn in to anti-social or criminal behaviour, including gang involvement and association with organised crime groups.
- Is frequently missing/goes missing from education, care or from home. (CME)
- Is misusing drugs or alcohol themselves.
- Is at risk of modern slavery, trafficking or exploitation.
- Is in a family circumstance presenting challenges for the child, such as substance abuse, adult mental health problems or domestic abuse.
- Has returned home to their family from care.
- Is showing early signs of abuse and/or neglect and/or exploitation.
- Is at risk of being radicalised or exploited.
- Is a privately fostered child.
- Has an imprisoned parent.
- Is experiencing mental health, wellbeing difficulties.
- Is persistently absent from education (including persistently absent for part of the school day).
- Is a child missing education (CME)
- Has experienced multiple suspensions, is at risk of being permanently excluded from schools, colleges and in alternative provision or a pupil referral unit.
- Is at risk of 'honour' based abuse such as FGM or forced marriage.
- LGBTQ+, Gender questioning and gender diverse children.

This list is not exhaustive

8. Recording, Confidentiality, Information Sharing and GDPR

The school recognises that effective safeguarding relies on timely, appropriate information sharing and accurate record-keeping. We work in line with *Working Together to Safeguard Children, Keeping Children Safe in Education*, and the Data Protection Act 2018.

Confidentiality and Information Sharing

- Safeguarding information is highly sensitive and shared only on a strict need-to-know basis, as determined by the DSL or Head of School.
- All staff have a professional duty to share information to protect children; GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018 do not prevent sharing where a child is at risk.
- Staff must not promise confidentiality to a child if it could compromise their safety.
- Concerns should normally be discussed with the DSL, Head of School, or Chair of Trustees, who will decide on further sharing. However, any staff member can make a referral if necessary.

- Parents will usually be informed of referrals unless doing so would increase risk or impede a criminal investigation.
- Information should be shared early to identify and respond to safeguarding concerns
- All information sharing must be:
 - Necessary and proportionate
 - Relevant and adequate
 - Accurate
 - Timely
 - Secure

Recording Safeguarding Concerns

All staff must:

- Use the school's agreed recording system.
- Record information factually, clearly, and promptly, including dates, times, and context.
- Include body maps where appropriate.
- Report concerns to the DSL immediately (verbally if urgent), followed by written records.
- Document decision-making, including thresholds, rationale, actions taken, support offered, and outcomes.
- Ensure the voice of the child is clearly captured.

Storage and Transfer of Records

- Safeguarding records are kept secure, confidential, and separate from pupil files.
- Records are managed in line with GDPR and statutory guidance.
- When a pupil transfers school, safeguarding files are shared securely and promptly (within 5 working days), with consideration for earlier information sharing where appropriate to support the child.

Inter-Agency Working

- The school will work collaboratively with external agencies and share relevant information to safeguard children effectively.
- Where appropriate, receiving settings may be involved in meetings (with consent) to support continuity of care.

9. Whistleblowing and allegations against staff

We recognise that children cannot be expected to raise concerns in an environment where staff fail to do so. All staff should be aware of their duty to raise concerns, where they exist, about the management of safeguarding and child protection, which may include the attitude or actions of colleagues, poor or unsafe practice and potential failures in the school's safeguarding arrangements. If it becomes necessary to consult outside the school, they should speak in the first instance, to the LADO following the Whistleblowing and Managing Allegations Policy.

The NSPCC whistleblowing helpline is available for staff who do not feel able to raise concerns regarding child protection failures internally. Staff can call: 0800 028 0285 line is available from 8:00 AM to 8:00 PM, Monday to Friday and email: help@nspcc.org.uk



Staff should follow the schools agreed process if they have a concern for the Head of School Whistleblowing and Managing Allegations policy.

All school staff should take care not to place themselves in a vulnerable position with a child. It is always advisable for interviews or work with individual children or parents/carers to be conducted in view of other adults. Guidance about conduct and safe practice, including safe use of mobile phones by staff and volunteers will be given at induction. All staff must adhere to the school's **Staff Code of Conduct** and safer working practice guidance.

This includes:

- Maintaining professional boundaries
- Using technology appropriately
- Avoiding behaviour that could be misinterpreted

1. All employees and volunteers must record in writing, any concerns they have about the practice or behaviour of a member of staff and share it with the Headteacher (or equivalent senior member of staff).



2. The Headteacher will make an assessment to determine if the matter is a 'low level concern' or an 'allegation' (this means that the concern may meet the harm threshold).



3. The Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) will be contacted for all 'allegations' and the relevant guidance will be followed. If the Headteacher needs advice or guidance they should contact the LADO. If the allegation is against the Headteacher, the person receiving the allegation will contact the LADO or Chair of Governors directly.



4. Where concerns are considered to be 'low level' by the Headteacher, they should be managed in-line with part 4 of KCSiE and the wider school policies and procedures. The Designated Safeguarding Lead may be involved in this process.



5. If the concern relates to the Headteacher, the person receiving the information will immediately inform the Chair of Governors/Chair of the management committee/proprietor of an independent school [delete as appropriate] who will consult the LADO as above, without notifying the Headteacher first. [NB where the Headteacher is also the sole proprietor of an independent school the concerns should be reported directly to the LADO].



6. In the event of an allegation against the Headteacher, the decision to suspend will be made by the Chair of Governors with advice from the LADO.

Suspension of the member of staff, against whom an allegation has been made, needs careful consideration, and the Head of School will seek the advice of the LADO and an HR Consultant in making this decision.

Staff, parents and Trustees are reminded that publication of material that may lead to the identification of a teacher who is the subject of an allegation is prohibited by law. Publication includes verbal conversations or writing, including content placed on social media sites.

School will ensure that pupils are aware of how they can raise a concern should they be worried about a member of staff conduct. This may be for example by talking to a trusted adult, using an online 'tell us' button, anonymous reporting slips.

10. Physical Intervention

- Physical intervention will only be used as a last resort, where a child is at risk of harming themselves or others, and only the minimum force necessary will be applied.
- All incidents must be recorded and witnessed.
- Staff likely to use physical intervention will receive appropriate training.
- For children who may require planned physical intervention such plans will be agreed with pupils, parents and staff and included in care plans and/or risk assessments.
- Any intervention causing injury or distress may be subject to safeguarding or disciplinary procedures.
- Appropriate professional touch is recognised, and staff follow 'Safe Practice' guidance to maintain clear boundaries.

11. Online Safety

Yeo Valley Primary School recognises that online safety is a key component of safeguarding and that risks to children can occur both online and offline. Such risks can also include the use of Artificial Intelligence.

- Online safety is a whole-school responsibility and part of the safeguarding culture.
- Risks may include content, contact, conduct, and commerce harms.
- Children should be supported to use technology safely, respectfully, and responsibly.

The DSL will ensure appropriate filtering and monitoring systems are in place to safeguard pupils and with the support of the Trust Board hold regular review of systems to ensure effectiveness (as a minimum annually).

Should incidents/online concerns be reported they will be treated as a disclosure of concern/ safeguarding issue: recorded, investigated and supported.

In addition, staff will:

- Receive regular training on online safety risks
- Model safe and appropriate use of technology

At Yeo Valley Primary School, safeguarding concerns are recorded using the Trust safeguarding recording system. Staff must report urgent concerns verbally to the DSL or a deputy DSL immediately and complete the written record without delay.

Further detail on the school response to online and AI risks is set out in the Online Safety Policy, Acceptable Use Agreements, Data Protection Policy and Staff Code of Conduct.

12. Alternative Provision, Off-Site Safeguarding

Where pupils attend alternative provision or off-site settings, the school will ensure that:

- Appropriate safeguarding arrangements are in place
- Providers have suitable safeguarding policies and procedures
- Staff working with children are appropriately vetted
- There is clear communication between the school and the provider

The school retains overall responsibility for safeguarding pupils placed in alternative provision.

13. Safeguarding through the Curriculum

The school recognises that safeguarding is not only about response, but also prevention through education. Pupils are taught how to recognise risks, develop resilience, and keep themselves safe.

- Safeguarding education is embedded across the curriculum (e.g. RSHE, PSHE, Computing, assemblies).
- Learning is age-appropriate, inclusive, and progressive.
- Pupils are supported to develop knowledge, skills, and confidence to stay safe in a range of contexts.

In line with statutory guidance, pupils are taught about:

Personal Safety and Wellbeing

- Healthy and respectful relationships
- Consent, boundaries, and recognising abuse
- Mental health, wellbeing, and seeking support

Online Safety

- Safe and responsible use of technology
- Risks such as cyberbullying, grooming, exploitation, and harmful content
- Digital footprints and privacy

Risk and Vulnerability

- Exploitation (criminal and sexual)
- Child-on-Child abuse
- Substance misuse and risky behaviours
- Radicalisation and extremism (Prevent duty)

Wider Safeguarding Issues

- Domestic abuse
- FGM, forced marriage, honour-based abuse (as age-appropriate)
- County lines and serious youth violence

Skills and Protective Behaviours

Pupils are taught to:

- Recognise unsafe situations and warning signs
- Identify trusted adults and know how to seek help
- Report concerns confidently
- Make informed and safe decisions

Pupil Voice and Participation

- Pupils are encouraged to share worries and concerns
- Systems are in place to ensure pupils feel listened to and supported
- Feedback from pupils helps shape safeguarding practice

Staff Responsibilities

- All staff understand their role in reinforcing safeguarding messages
- Teaching is delivered by trained staff and supported through regular safeguarding updates
- Staff respond appropriately to any concerns arising from learning

Partnership with Parents and Agencies

- The school works with parents to promote safeguarding messages at home
- External agencies may support delivery (e.g. police, health professionals)

14. Devon Safeguarding Partnership Arrangements

The school works in accordance with the **Devon Safeguarding Children Partnership (Devon SCP)** multi-agency safeguarding arrangements.

These arrangements are led by the three statutory safeguarding partners:

- Devon County Council
- NHS Devon
- Devon & Cornwall Police

The school will:

- Follow the Devon SCP policies and procedures and the Southwest Child Protection Procedures
- Apply the Devon Levels of Need framework to support decision-making and referrals
- Make referrals through the Children's Front Door (Request for Support) in line with local procedures

- Participate fully in multi-agency safeguarding arrangements, including Child Protection Conferences, Core Groups and strategy discussions
- Share information appropriately to safeguard children
- Follow the Devon SCP escalation protocol where there are professional disagreements to ensure that children's safety is prioritised
- Engage with and implement learning from Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews and local safeguarding learning

15. Escalation and Professional Challenge

We recognise the importance of professional curiosity and challenge in safeguarding children.

If a member of staff feels that:

- A safeguarding concern has not been taken seriously
- Appropriate action has not been taken
- A child remains at risk

They must:

- Escalate their concern to the DSL or senior leader
- Follow the school's escalation procedures
- Refer directly to children's social care if necessary

The school will support staff to challenge decisions and will follow local escalation (professional challenge) procedures where there are disagreements between agencies.

16. Policy Links

This policy should be read alongside and links to our policies on: (Amend and/or add where policies as appropriate, ensure the statutory policies linked to safeguarding are listed)

- Behaviour
- Staff Behaviour Policy / Code of Conduct
- Whistleblowing
- Anti-bullying
- Health & Safety
- Allegations against staff
- Parental concerns
- Attendance
- Curriculum
- PSHE
- Teaching and Learning

- Administration of medicines
- Drug Education
- Relationships and Sex Education
- Physical intervention
- Online Safety, including staff use of mobile phones
- Risk Assessment
- Recruitment and Selection
- Child Sexual Exploitation
- Intimate Care
- Radicalisation and Extremism
- Data Protection/GDPR Guidance

17. SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR 2026

This annual update adopts the July 2026 Devon model and personalises it for Yeo Valley Primary School. The principal changes are:

- Updated safeguarding definition and terminology in line with Working Together to Safeguard Children 2026, including family networks and kinship care.
- Stronger emphasis on a child-centred, whole-family approach, the voice of the child, professional curiosity and an open, positive safeguarding culture.
- Expanded strategic and operational responsibilities for the Trust Board, Head of School, DSL, deputy DSLs and all staff.
- A clearer Early Help and Families First section, including the graduated approach to support and additional vulnerabilities.
- Updated expectations for recording, information sharing, secure transfer of safeguarding files and decision-making records.
- Updated managing allegations and low-level concerns arrangements, including LADO consultation and professional boundaries.
- Revised physical intervention wording, with minimum force, recording, risk assessment and planned support expectations.
- Expanded online safety coverage, including artificial intelligence, filtering and monitoring, staff training and annual review.
- New sections on alternative provision and off-site safeguarding, safeguarding through the curriculum, Devon partnership arrangements, and escalation and professional challenge.
- Updated Devon Children's Front Door, Emergency Duty Team, LADO and Early Help contact information.



Children's Front Door

If you are concerned that a child is being abused, or to request Targeted Early Help (L3) support you can

call: 0345 155 1071 **or**

complete the Request for Support online form available at:

<https://devoncountycouncil.outsystemsenterprise.com/MASH/homepage>

The DevonSCP Children's Front Door **consultation line** for **professionals only**: to request number email devonscp@devon.gov.uk.

Emergency Duty Team out of hours **0345 6000 388**

Police non-emergency 101

For all LADO enquiries Exeter (01392) 384964

ladosecure-mailbox@devon.gov.uk

Further info:

[Managing allegations - Devon Children and Families Partnership \(dcfp.org.uk\)](http://dcfp.org.uk)

Early Help

Locality Early Help Mailbox

North: earlyhelpnorthsecure-mailbox@devon.gov.uk

Mid & East: earlyhelpmideastsecure-mailbox@devon.gov.uk

South & West: earlyhelpsouthsecure-mailbox@devon.gov.uk

Exeter: earlyhelpexetersecure-mailbox@devon.gov.uk

For emergencies outside of office hours please call:

0345 6000 388

APPENDICES

Yeo Valley Primary School

Child Protection and Safeguarding Policy | September 2026

Appendix A – Local Safeguarding Contacts and Resources (Devon)

- Devon Safeguarding Children Partnership (DSCP)

Website: <https://www.devonscp.org.uk/>

The Devon Safeguarding Children Partnership (DSCP) provides local safeguarding procedures, multi-agency guidance, learning from reviews, training opportunities and safeguarding resources for schools and professionals.

- Devon SCP Procedures Manual

<https://swcpp-devon.trixonline.co.uk/>

This manual contains Devon and South West child protection procedures, referral guidance, information sharing protocols, assessment processes and multi-agency safeguarding arrangements.

- Reporting a Safeguarding Concern

<https://www.devonscp.org.uk/reporting-a-safeguarding-concern/>

For reporting concerns where a child may be suffering or likely to suffer significant harm.

- Devon County Council Safeguarding Support for Schools

<https://www.devon.gov.uk/support-schools-settings/safeguarding/>

Provides safeguarding advice, guidance, training, updates and support specifically for education settings.

- Devon Early Help

<https://www.devon.gov.uk/educationandfamilies/early-help/>

Information about Early Help services, Early Help Assessment and coordinated support for children and families.

- Devon Early Help Connector

<https://www.devonscp.org.uk/early-help/>

Guidance, pathways and resources to support families at the earliest opportunity.

- Devon Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)

<https://www.devonscp.org.uk/policy-hub/policies-and-procedures/lado-service/>

The LADO provides advice and guidance where concerns or allegations are made about adults working with children.
Contact: 01392 384964.

Appendix B – Devon Safeguarding One Minute Guides

The Devon One Minute Guides provide concise guidance on safeguarding topics relevant to schools.

Access all guides here:

<https://www.devon.gov.uk/support-schools-settings/safeguarding/guidance-policy-and-tools-2/safeguarding-one-minute-guides/>

Topics include:

Neglect

Child Sexual Abuse (CSA)

Child-on-Child Abuse

Contextual Safeguarding

Serious Violence

County Lines

Modern Slavery

Child Criminal Exploitation (CCE)

Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE)

Prevent Duty

Making a Prevent Referral

Female Genital Mutilation (FGM)

Forced Marriage

Honour Based Abuse

Domestic Abuse

Operation Encompass

Children Missing Education (CME)

Early Help

Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO)

Information Sharing

Online Safety and Sexting

Transfer of Child Protection Records

Governor Safeguarding Monitoring

Disguised Compliance

Elective Home Education

Private Fostering

Initial Child Protection Conferences

MARAC (Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conference)

Appendix C – Statutory and National Guidance

- Keeping Children Safe in Education (Current Statutory Guidance)

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2>

The key statutory safeguarding guidance for schools and colleges in England. All staff should be familiar with Part One or Annex A as determined by the school.

- Keeping Children Safe in Education 2026 Draft Consultation

<https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/keeping-children-safe-in-education-proposed-revisions-2026>

Provides information on proposed safeguarding developments expected to influence future school practice. change this when Draft become the statutory document

- Working Together to Safeguard Children

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/working-together-to-safeguard-children--2>

The statutory multi-agency safeguarding guidance for all organisations working with children.

- Children Act 1989

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/1989/41/contents>

- Children Act 2004

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2004/31/contents>

- Education Act 2002 (Section 175)

<https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2002/32/contents>

Appendix D – Child Protection and Safeguarding Support Services

- NSPCC

<https://www.nspcc.org.uk>

National safeguarding charity providing resources, training and advice.

- Childline

<https://www.childline.org.uk>

Confidential support service for children and young people.

- CEOP (Child Exploitation and Online Protection)

<https://www.ceop.police.uk>

Online child protection reporting service.

- Internet Matters

<https://www.internetmatters.org>

Resources supporting online safety for children, parents and schools.

- UK Safer Internet Centre

<https://saferinternet.org.uk>

Online safety guidance, resources and reporting tools.

- Childnet

<https://www.childnet.com>

Educational resources supporting safe and responsible use of digital technology.

- Educate Against Hate

<https://educateagainsthate.com>

Government-supported advice regarding radicalisation and extremism.

Appendix E – Mental Health and Wellbeing Support

- YoungMinds

<https://www.youngminds.org.uk>

Mental health information and support for young people, families and professionals.

- Papyrus Prevention of Young Suicide

<https://www.papyrus-uk.org>

Suicide prevention charity supporting young people at risk of suicide.

- NHS Mental Health Services

<https://www.nhs.uk/mental-health/>

Mental health support and access to local services.

- Kooth

<https://www.kooth.com>

Digital emotional wellbeing and mental health support service.

Appendix F – Online Safety and Emerging Technology

- National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC)

<https://www.ncsc.gov.uk>

- UK Safer Internet Centre

<https://saferinternet.org.uk>

- Internet Matters

<https://www.internetmatters.org>

- CEOP Safety Centre

<https://www.ceop.police.uk>

- Childnet

<https://www.childnet.com>

- NSPCC Online Safety Hub

<https://www.nspcc.org.uk/keeping-children-safe/online-safety/>

Appendix G – Contextual Safeguarding, Exploitation and Adolescent Risk

- Devon Adolescent Safety Framework (ASF)

<https://www.devonscp.org.uk/working-with-children/contextual-safeguarding/adolescent-safety-framework/>

Devon's approach to contextual safeguarding and exploitation risk assessment using the Safer Me framework. Supports professionals to assess risks associated with exploitation, peer groups, locations and wider contextual harm.

- Devon ASF One Minute Guide

<https://www.devon.gov.uk/support-schools-settings/safeguarding/guidance-policy-and-tools-2/safeguarding-one-minute-guides/no-43-adolescent-safety-framework-asf/>

Practical guidance for schools regarding contextual safeguarding, county lines, exploitation, gangs, modern slavery and peer-on-peer abuse.

- Devon Contextual Safeguarding

<https://www.devonscp.org.uk/working-with-children/contextual-safeguarding/>

Information regarding contextual safeguarding, exploitation, missing children and adolescent safety.

- Multi-Agency Child Exploitation (MACE)

MACE arrangements form part of Devon's contextual safeguarding response to child exploitation concerns and are linked to the Adolescent Safety Framework and Safer Me processes. Schools may refer concerns through the appropriate contextual safeguarding pathways.

- Child Exploitation Information for Professionals

<https://www.devonscp.org.uk/working-with-children/contextual-safeguarding/child-exploitation-information-for-professionals/>

Guidance relating to criminal exploitation, sexual exploitation, county lines and contextual safeguarding.

Appendix H – Radicalisation and Extremism

- Prevent Duty Guidance

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance>

- Prevent Referral Information

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/make-a-referral-to-prevent>

- Educate Against Hate

<https://educateagainsthate.com>

- ACT Early

<https://actearly.uk>

Appendix I – Domestic Abuse and Violence Against Women and Girls

- Refuge

<https://refuge.org.uk>

- Women's Aid

<https://www.womensaid.org.uk>

- Respect

<https://respect.uk.net>

- ManKind Initiative

<https://mankind.org.uk>

- Devon Domestic Abuse Alliance

<https://www.domesticabusealliance.org.uk>

Appendix J – Child Exploitation, Missing Children and Modern Slavery

- Missing People

<https://www.missingpeople.org.uk>

- National Crime Agency

<https://www.nationalcrimeagency.gov.uk>

- Modern Slavery Helpline

<https://www.modernslaveryhelpline.org>

- The Children's Society – Child Exploitation Resources

<https://www.childrenssociety.org.uk>

- Catch22

<https://www.catch-22.org.uk>

Appendix K – Specific Safeguarding Issues

- Female Genital Mutilation (FGM)

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/multi-agency-statutory-guidance-on-female-genital-mutilation>

- Forced Marriage Unit

<https://www.gov.uk/guidance/forced-marriage>

- Honour Based Abuse

<https://karmanirvana.org.uk>

- Private Fostering

<https://www.devon.gov.uk/educationandfamilies/child-protection/private-fostering/>

- Children Missing Education

<https://www.devon.gov.uk/educationandfamilies/school-information/children-missing-education/>

Appendix L – Whistleblowing

- NSPCC Whistleblowing Advice Line

0800 028 0285

<https://www.nspcc.org.uk/what-you-can-do/report-abuse/dedicated-helplines/whistleblowing-advice-line/>

- GOV.UK Whistleblowing Guidance

<https://www.gov.uk/whistleblowing>

Appendix M – Key Emergency Contacts

Devon Children's Front Door/ Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH)

Telephone: 0345 155 1071

Emergency Services

999

NSPCC Helpline

0808 800 5000

Childline

0800 1111